CAPTAIN OF THE BROOKLYN ON THE WITNESS STAND.

told by the Commander of Schley's Flagship.

AND A GRAPHIC DESCRIPTION OF here. THE GREAT BATTLE GIVEN.

Captain Cook of Opinion that Schley Conducted Himself Like a Brave and Patriotic Officer.

TESTIMONY OF PILOT NUNEZ

FIRST WITNESS IN BEHALF OF REAR ADMIRAL SCHLEY.

Says He Told That Officer on May 26, 1898, that He Did Believe Cervera Was in Santiago Harbor.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 14 .- To-day in the Schley court of inquiry Judge Advocate Lemly concluded presentation of testimony conclusion. for the government and the first of Admiral Schley's witnesses was introduced. Captain Francis A. Cook, who commanded Admiral (then commodore) Schley's flagship, the Brooklyn, during the Santiago campaign and who acted, though unofilcially, in the capacity of chief of staff for the commodore, was on the witness stand the greater part of the day. He was foi- GROUNDLESS RUMOR CONCERNING lowed by Lieutenant Commander William F. Fullam, who was senior watch officer on the New Orleans during the Spanish war, and former Lieutenant Joseph Beale, who as an officer on the Harvard, translated Deposits Within \$50,000 of Withdrawthe cipher dispatches between Commodore Schley and the Navy Department carried by that vessel. Among these dispatches was that sent by Commodore Schley May 28, expressing his regret at not having been able to obey the orders of the department and explaining the reason why he could not do so. There are some verbal discrepancies between the original draft of this dispatch and the official print of it and anxious depositors stood for hours waiting

these Mr. Beale explained. erminent witnesses, although Captain Lem- were kept open until 4 o'clock. ly explained that he would reserve the right to call others if occasion should demand that he do so. He had no sooner Schley on May 26, 1898, that he did not bein the harbor at Santiago.

of the entire campaign after Cervera's fleet, beginning with the departure of the flying squadron from Key West on May 19 and the Spanish fleet was in the harbor at by only \$50,000. He gave particulars concerning the retro- lows: grade movement and explained the Brockaccount of the engagement of July 3. Asked for an opinion as to Admiral Scaley's bearing as a commanding officer, he sail: "I always regarded him as an enthusiastically brave and patriotic officer.'

CAPTAIN COOK'S TESTIMONY. When Captain Cook took the stand this the disbursements, morning, in reply to Mr. Hanna's inquiry, he said he had been at Key West on

time concerning the whereabouts of Cervera's fleet?" asked Mr. Hanna.

"My impressions now are simply from rumor that they had left the Canary islands and a part of them had been sighted at Martinique and from consular information, or perhaps information sent by the Harvard that they had gone to Curacoa. That is all from impression

Giving the reasons for the departure of the flying squadron for Cienfuegos, Captain Cook said the squadron had been sent to that port "to intercept and meet the Spanish squadron, it having been determined, as we believed at that time, to make Cienfuegos their objective point." He had understood that the Spanish fleet carried munitions of war for Havana, and it was be-Heved they would go to Cienfuegos because of its accessability to Havana.

Captain Cook recalled the meeting of the Marblehead with the flying squadron en route to Clenfueges, but could recall only very indistinctly the fact that the Scorpion had delivered to the Brooklyn any information from the Eagle at that time. "I did not receive any information," he said, "and did not consider the incident important. We | that the fiscal has asked that C. F. and where it was, and then the commodore said to him, 'We have seen three peculiar believe it is something in connection with the Spanish fleet.' Captain McCalla gave a start, threw up his hands and said: 'That | fifteen to eighteen offenses. is the signal from the insurgents' camp. They want to communicate with you,' and added: 'Well, I can go there and find out

at once. "The commodore told him to go, to get off as soon as possible, and added: 'You can send a boat across and let me know as soon as possible.' Then the subject of coaling came up again, about the great difficulty we were going to have in coaling from colliers, and Captain McCalla said: You need not be at all concerned about me. I will get coal if there's any coal to be obtained.' He was always cheerful about everything. He started from the ship al-

A SUSPICIOUS STEAMER. "In the meantime, closely connected with that, was the arrival of the Adula. This steamer came in from Jamaica and reported that the Spanish fleet had gone into Santiago and had left on the 19th. I recollect that particularly, because that seemed to confirm the commodore's idea that they had reached Cienfuegos. It was a suspicious go aboard and question the passengers and ling. The delegates left later in their spe

that they were there. The Eagle came down in the evening and reported that they had communicated with the insurgent camp and that the Spanish squadron was not in Cienfuegos. "That information was given in positive

"Positive. Speaking of the coal supply of the flying squadron while at Cientuegos, Captain Cook said that his only anxiety was concerning the Texas, whose supply was

Captain Cook said he recalled the arrival of the dispatch boat May 24 with dispatches. He was told that the informa-Story of the Santiago Campaign Re- tion was to the effect that the Spanish fleet was in Santiago, "but," he said, "I was not especially impressed with that fact as I had heard it before." He was, however, told that this information was more positive than any which had yet been brought. The commodore, he said, had told him that the Hawk had brought orders to the effect that the squadron should pro-EXPLAINED | ceed to Santiago if he (the commodore) was satisfied that the Spaniards were not at Cienfuegos but, he said, Commodore Schley had said: "I am not satisfied that they are not here. I still believe they are

> "If satisfied that the Spaniards were at Clenfuegos why did you leave there?" asked Mr. Hanna. "Because of McCalla's report from the insurgent's camp on shore," "That, then, made it clear that the Spaniards were not there?"

> "Entirely. Describing the departure of the flying squadron for Santiago, the witness said that it was made after dark in order to conceal its intentions and that the lights were darkened for the same purpose. Captain Cook related the particulars of the meeting with the scout ships off Santiago and told of Captains Cotton and Sigsbee coming on board. Speaking of Captain Sigsbee's visit, he told of his bringing the Pilot Nunefi aboard, but Captain Cook said that he had not at first been inspired with confidence in that individual, although afterwards he found that he was a reliable

THE RETROGRADE MOVEMENT. The witness then, in response to questions, detailed the retrograde movement of the flying squadron toward Key West, beginning May 26. He said his first information that such a movement was to be undertaken was when he received orders to move. He had, he said, informed Commodore Schley on the evening of the 27th that he thought the sea had become calm enough to coal, and had found that the commodore had also reached the same Replying to questions concerning the blockade of Santiago Captain Cook said

(CONTINUED ON PAGE 6, COLUMN 4)

THE FIDELITY TRUST COMPANY.

als-Deposits of the Institution on Oct. 1 Were \$9,073,590.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Oct. 14 .- A run on the Fidelity Trust Company, a state banking institution, began to-day. A long line of to withdraw their mopey. Extra paying Lieutenant Beale was the last of the gov- | tellers were installed, and their windows

Prominent bankers and business men say that the rumor which caused the run is groundless, and that only small depositors retired than the first witness for Admiral are withdrawing their accounts. Several Schley was called. This proved to be the large deposits were made during the day Cuban pilot Edwardo Nunez, who told by business houses and large sums of money were sent to the Fidelity Company's lieve the Spanish fleet under Cervera was offices by local banks. The Eric County Savings Bank voluntarily turned over \$250,-Captain Cook's testin ony was a review | 000 in cash to the Fidelity Trust Company. The Marine Bank also sent in \$100,000. The money was accepted, but not as a loan. EFFORTS TO BE CONTINUED New York drafts were sent to the two inconcluding with the battle off Santiago stitutions for the cash. At the close of July 3. He said that at first it had been | business to-day President Forman stated believed by both Sampson and Schley that | that the withdrawals exceeded the deposits | MEANTIME THERE IS URGENT NEED

Cienfuegos and that no information to The Fidelity Trust Company is not a the contrary had been conveyed to Commo- | member of the Clearing House Associadore Schley until the arrival of Captain | tion, but an official offer of assistance was McCalla on May 24; that it was Commodore | made to President Forman by the clear-Schley's expectation to meet the Spaniards | ing house to-day. President Forman dein the open sea and his constant care was | clined to accept saying the bank needed to have coal enough for such emergency. no assistance. The statement of the Fidelity Company issued on Oct. 1 was as fol-

Resources-Cash on hand and in banks, lyn's loop in connection with a graphic \$2,725,646; demand loans, \$2,774,286; bonds and mortgages, \$1,617,654; other bonds, \$2,795,148; real estate (new bank lot), \$261,102.

Liabilities-Capital stock, \$500,000; deposits, \$9,073,500; surplus, net earnings, \$600,823. There was a small run on the Fidelity company's exposition bank this morning also. There, however, as at the downposits were made which more than offset

James C. Dunn, of the clearing house after conference with President Forman. this afternoon said: The bank has plenty of money and you can be assurred that "What information did you have at that | every bank in the city, individually, will stand by it if necessary

NEELY, RATHBONE, REEVES INDICT-MENTS SENT TO THE AUDIENCIA.

Demand Made by the Fiscal that the Terms of Imprisoament Be Twenty-Four to Twenty-Six Years.

the fiscal to the audiencia, but have not yet been made public. It is known, however, brought up the question about the camp Neely, Estes G. Rathbone and W. H. Reeves, the indicted officials, be sentenced lights, one ahead of the other here, but to imprisonment for terms ranging from we cannot make out what they are and I twenty-four to twenty-six years. Each of the accused men is charged with from

> The counsel for the defense have twenty days in which to file answers to the indict-

ENTERTAINED AT ST. LOUIS.

Courtesies Shown Delegates to the

Pan-American Congress. ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 14.-The delegates to the Pan-American Congress to be held most immediately and said: 'I must get in the City of Mexico Oct. 22, who arrived from Washington last night, were handsomely entertained to-day. The committee on ceremonies of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition Company took the visitors for a drive through the business portion of the city in the morning, ending at the Latin-American Club. Light refreshments | that there is but one thing to do and that | the Resistencia had already gone too far." were served. Resident consuls for South and Central American republics were present. From the club the guests walked to craft. They did not give any reasons for the Merchants' Exchange, where President going in, except they wanted to communi- Haarstick welcomed them. Acting Mayor cate with their subjects, and in my conver- Hornsby welcomed them to the city, and sation with the commodore my impressions | President Francis spoke for the Exposition were that he looked on that as entirely Company. Senor Don Martin Garcia Merou suspicious. Not understanding the matters | answered for the guests. Then came a and not knowing exactly his wishes, I said | drive over the world's fair site and through something to him about letting that the residence portions of the city, ending steamer go in. He said: 'I don't care any- at the Country Club, where a course dinner thing about that steamer, but I am bound | was served. Speaking followed, President to get information from her. If the captain | Francis acting as toastmaster. In the evendoes not give it, I will certainly get it out ing the guests were entertained at the of some of the passengers. It was arranged | St. Louis Club, where another dinner was that when she came out the officers should | served and there was informal speech mak- | signed will be received. get information from them. She did not cial train over the Missouri, Kansas & come out. That confirmed him still more Texas road for Mexico.



PIERROT—He's got her: I guess this is my day on.

MISSIONARIES UNABLE TO GET IN TOUCH WITH BRIGANDS.

State Department Officials. However, Say Miss Stone Is Alive and They Are Still Hopeful.

OF MORE CONTRIBUTIONS.

Fifty Thousand Dollars of the Ran som Demanded Is Yet to Be Raised in This Country.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 14.-It transpires that the Turkish commander had completed dispositions to surround Miss Ellen M. Stone's captors at noon Saturday last. Spencer Eddy, secretary of the town bank, the demands were met and de- United States legation, however, received result in the death of Miss Stone, and at 3 o'clock Saturday morning he proceeded to the residence of the Minister of Foreign Affairs, Tewfik Pasha, and demanded the immediate retirement of the Turkish troops. This was carried out and the Bulgarian forces followed suit. Mr. Eddy's action has the unanimous approval of the members of the diplomatic corps who are convinced that efforts to liberate Miss Stone by force will infallibly result in her

Neither Mr. Baird nor Mr. Haskell, the missionaries, has yet been able to get in touch with the brigands in order to ar range as to the amount of the ransom for

Miss Stone. WASHINGTON, Oct. 14.-All that can be gained from the State Department officials respecting the case of Miss Stone, the mis sionary who is held by brigands in Bulgaria, is that she is alive, and that efforts HAVANA, Oct. 14.-The indictments in are continuing for her release. The ofthe postoffice fraud cases have been sent by ficials, while declining to indicate the nature of the measures they are pursuing to this end, still have hope of ultimate suc

Kidnaped by Turks.

LONDON, Oct. 14.-The Daily Express has received the following from Vienna: "Todaroff, the driver who accompanied Miss Stone when she was kidnaped, has arrived at Sofia. He says her captors are him under surveillance."

MORE MONEY NEEDED.

Ransom Fund Is Fifty Thousand Dollars Short of \$110,000.

NEW YORK, Oct. 14 .- The Rev. Charles a letter to-day, part of which reads:

abilities, to supplement the contributions | izens who promise to take the matter up. of their neighbors that the necessary sum may be reached. An answer is anxiously awaited at the office of the American Board, 15 East Twenty-second street, New York, where subscriptions to the under-Dr. Creegan said that the board had received assurance from the United States | The top of his head was blown away, death government in the past few days that the resulting instantly.

only thing that could be done was to raise the money necessary for the payment of

Miss Stone's Mother Sinking.

NEW YORK, Oct. 14.-Word comes from Boston in a special to the World that Mrs. Stone, mother of Miss Ellen M. Stone, is sinking under the strain of the anxiety concerning her daughter. Mrs. Stone is more that eighty-nine years old and has been in feeble health for years. Her condition now is such that her friends fear that she will die of the suspense. Every effort has been made to keep the details of the situation from her in order to save her from the shocks of alternate hope and despair, as varying news reports are spread about regarding Miss Stone's fate.

ANOTHER KIDNAPING CASE.

Representative of a German Firm Held by Bulgarian Brigands.

LONDON, Oct. 15 .- "It is announced from Bucharest," says a dispatch to the Daily Mail from Vienna, "that Herr Rosenthal, the representative of a German firm, has been kidnaped by Bulgarian brigands at Silistriam. The Roumanian government has sent a protest to Sofia and the Buigarian government has ordered troops to pursue the brigands. "It is rumored that the Macedonian com-

mittee has decided to capture every foreigner within reach, in order to attract European attention to the bad state of public security in Macedonia."

information that further activity would REPORT OF UNITED STATES DIS-TRICT ATTORNEY STRIPLING.

> He Found the Situation Critical, but Could Not Learn Who Deported the Strike Leaders.

TAMPA, Fla., Oct. 14.-United States District Attorney J. N. Stripling, who has been here several days investigating the labor troubles, especially the recent deportation of Resistencia strike leaders, with a view of adjusting the difficulties, made his report to the attorney-general at Washington to-day. He describes in detail the trouble between the striking cigarmakers and the manufacturers, and declares "the gravity of the situation can scarcely be

The report reads: "Upon my arrival at Tampa I met a committee and requested its co-operation in ferreting out any violations | as the representative of Colombia with the of the laws of the United States. It was generally admitted that a number of the most prominent agitators of the strike had ly, approach Colombia again in a concilbeen compelled to leave Tampa. It was also represented to me that the strikers had themselves compelled a number of their own members to leave on account of the influence they were wielding in favor Turks. The Bulgarian police, who are not of a cessation of the strike; but I was unsatisfied with his statements, are keeping able to obtain any evidence to identify the individuals who committed these acts of lawlessness. I conferred freely with members of the board of trade, with representative citizens and with the executive committee of the Resistencia Union, which is conducting the strike, but was unable to obtain any evidence of violations of laws of

the United States. The district attorney then deals with the C. Creegan, district secretary for the Amer- | difficulties between the employers and the lean Board of Foreign Missions, gave out | men, declaring that strikes have been frequently ordered from "frivolous causes, and charging the purpose of the Resistencia "To the American People-The case of Union "seemed to be not only to control Miss Stone, now in the hands of the Turk- | manufacturing circles in Tampa, but to ish brigands, has undergone no material control every line of business. The policy change. In the office of the American of the union was so oppressive and had board and among her immediate friends gone to such an extent until finally, when the greatest anxiety prevails. Our govern- | the strike was declared, it appears that alment at Washington has not modified the most every man not connected with the opinion uttered by President Roosevelt, union rose up, declaring that the work of is to raise the sum demanded for her ran- The district attorney concludes: "Unimsom and that as quickly as possible. Of portant concessions could be made on either this amount \$60,000 has already been sub- | side, which, in my opinion, would result in cribed, far the largest part in Boston and | no disadvantage, that would open the way mmediate vicinity. A multitude of her to an early adjustment, but the strained eighbors in every condition of life have relations have reached such a high tension oured their gifts into the Boston office for | that both sides stickle over making any per deliverance, but it is not sufficient. Fif- approach, for fear it would be regarded as y thousand dollars more are required, an evidence of weakness. I. however, suc-We appeal now to those among us, who, ceeded in suggesting a plan which met with by the blessing of God have larger financial | the approval of a number of influential cit-

Shot His Brother While Hunting.

ALBERT LEA. Minn., Oct. 14,-While hunting Sunday afternoon August Paulson. cashier of the First National Bank, was accidentally shot by a younger brother.

PRESIDENT OF VENEZUELA OUT- decide who the witnesses shall be. LINES HIS ATTITUDE AND POLICY.

He Does Not Desire War with Colombia, but Is Prepared to Defend and Guard His Frontier.

LIBERALS WILL WIN

AND END COLOMBIA'S "PRIEST-RID-

Says Ecuador and Nicaragua Also Desire the Overthrow of the Clericals

-Danger of a Clash on Border.

DEN" GOVERNMENT.

LAGUAYRA, Venezuela, Oct. 14.-General Cipriano Castro, President of Venezuela, made the following statement to-day regarding the Venezuelan-Colombian situation

to the Associated Press:

"I earnestly desire peace between Colombia and Venezuela, but I consider that by reason of the Venezuelan memorandum and our request, communicated diplomatically through Dr. Rico (Colombian minister to vasion of Tachira in July by Colombian troops, Venezuela has taken the first step toward a peaceful settlement. It would be against the national dignity and honor of Venezuela to take another step in this Severely Scored by Judge Hinsdale, direction until an explanatory answer had been received. The invasion of Tachira was the first openly aggressive act in this trouble. It was the act of Colombia; and therefore she should to-day follow up our

initiative towards a peace settlement. "No, I do not consider Colombia's acceptance of the offer of the United States to extend their good offices and to mediate between the countries which has been reported in the press here, as a conciliatory answer to our diplomatic requests through Dr. Rico. If Colombia would officially notify Venezuela that she had accepted the United States as a mediator, Venezuela could and would gladly consider the advisability of addressing the United States idea of reaching a peaceful settlement. "While awaiting Colombia's answer we most decidedly cannot, directly or indirect-

latory manner. Meantime we shall continue to guard our frontier against invasion. If Colombia does not answer difficulties will doubtless arise. With the two lines of armed men face to face on the frontier this is to be expected. "Venezuela can get along very well without Colombia. We have no business or

the last five years between Venezuela and to be progressing without them. "I sympathize with the Colombian Liberals, who are revolting against the Conservative government of Colombia. Gladly would I see the downfall of that priestridden, incompetent government, which, so long as it continues in power, will. I beternal tranquillity of Venezuela. The Con-

other opponents, notably Ecuador and Nic-

lations. These have been suspended during

to witness the downfall and the end of the Conservatives. "As for the present incipient revolution in Venezuela, I shall crush it so severely that there will never be another in the country. Every spasmodic uprising has thus far been maintain our present army on the frontier. Nevertheless the country must defend order, preserve the national dignity and be ready to repel invaders.

On the best authority the Associated Press correspondent is enabled to reiterate the statement that the government of fensive and to maintain the status quo. Venezuela wants peace, but peace on terms of the country

the sole aggressor-would be welcomed by the Caracas Cabinet. The feeling is growing in Caracas, especially in official circles, that the mediation of a third party will eventually be required and that the United States government is logically the best qualified to act. Venezuela probably will be able to maintain her present armed footing on the frontier for six to eight months, ere the finances of the country will require the issuance of paper money or an appeal to forced loans. Arrival of Vicuna's Successor.

ing the occurrence of last month on the

Guaffra peninsula, insists upon considering

NEW YORK, Oct. 14.-Senor Don Joaquin Walker Martinez, envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary of the Republic of Chile to the United States, who was recently appointed to succeed the late Senor Don Carlos N. Vicuna, who died at Buffalo, was a passenger on the steamer Orizaba, which arrived this evening from Colon Senor Martinez is accompanied by his family and staff. When the steamer docks they will proceed direct to Washington, and thence to Mexico, where Senor Martinez will represent his country at the Pan-American congress. Also on board the Orizaba is Senor G. Babanagua, the former Chilean charge d'affaires at Washington.

ROCKS WEDGED IN HULL

Steamer Ha-Ting in a Precarious

Position in Thompson Inlet. VANCOUVER, B. C., Oct, 14.-Most of the 175 passengers rescued from the wrecked steamer Ha-Ting, in Thompson inlet, were OPENING OF ALL SHOWS TO-DAY bound for the sound. They were to be transferred to the steamer Willapa, which sailed for the scene of the wreck from Victoria at 7 o'clock last night. The Ha-Ting's bow is badly damaged and sharp rocks are wedged in her hull. The greatest danger is that the Ha-Ting will slide back into deep water. Soundings show 130 fathoms close to the islet. She has been vessel showed fifteen feet of hull above the water line. Immediately under stern was thirty feet of water and as the steamer draws twenty feet she was testing bow on only at flood tide.

SYMPATHY FOR CZOLGOCZ

MANY PERSONS SEND FRUIT AND FLOWERS TO THE ASSASSIN.

Thousands of Letters Also Addressed to President McKinley's Murderer, but None Reach Him.

ALBANY, N. Y., Oct. 14.-Superintendent Cornelius V. Collins will send a request to Secretary of State Hay to designate an official representative of the government to be present at the electrocution of Leon F. Czolgocz, the murderer of President Mc-Kinley. Only twenty-six witnesses will be present in the chamber of death when the sentence is executed. Warden Mead, of Auburn prison, has sent to Superintendent Collins the requests he has received for permission to attend the electrocution, over 1,000 in all. The law will limit the number of witnesses, and the superintendent will

It was stated at the state department of prisons to-day that statements to the effect that Czolgocz is in a continuous state of collapse and that he breaks down and weeps every time anything is said to him concerning the electrocution are false. Superintendent Collins had a talk with the condemned man some days ago, and at that time he said he knew he had to die. He expressed no fear as to the electrocution, but said that he would not care to go outside of the prison, for he believed the

people would kill him. Since his confinement at Auburn prison several thousand letters have been received for him at the prison, as well as a large

flowers and fruits. The letters, flowers and fruits have never by Christian societies, as have a number of letters consoling him in his last moments. to which they would put him if they had the execution of justice in his

senders of fruit and flowers were made a uniform policy in relation to Czolgocz. An effort has been made to prevent the murderer from gaining notoriety while

PRINTING A SEDITIOUS ARTICLE.

Who Denounced the Anarchist Doctrine of Assassination.

NEW YORK, Oct. 14.-Johann Most, the Anarchist, was sentenced to one year in the | matter what the cost might be. They repenitentiary to-day in the Court of Special gret that the rain interfered with their Sessions, for publishing in his paper, the Freiheit, an alleged seditious article, on the day following the shooting of the late President McKinley.

The article in question was entitled "Murder against Murder." In his defense Most claimed that the paper containing the article was printed and ready for distribution before the President was shot. Also that it was a quotation from an article published fifty years ago and republished by him fifteen years ago. After imposing the sentence Judge Hins-

dale read the opinion of the court, in which he said: "It is no answer to the evil and criminal nature of this article to claim that it was written for the purpose of destroycommerce to speak of with her. There is ling crowned heads. It inculcates and enno need of a continuance of diplomatic reforces the idea that murder is the proper remedy to be applied against rulers. The France. Yet, however, both countries seem | fact that it was published fifty years ago and again republished about fifteen years ago only emphasizes and gives added point to the criminality of the republishing of it licemen, wearing picturesque uniforms and at any time. It shows deliberate intent to inculcate and promulgate the doctrines of lieve, try to cause me trouble, and will the article. This we hold to be a criminal

constitute a standing menace to the in- act. It is not necessary to trace any connection in this article with the assassination of the late President. The offense servative government of Colombia has here, in the eyes of the law, is precisely the same as if the bloody event had never ocaragua, both of which states would be glad curred. The murder of the President only serves to illustrate and illuminate the enormity of the crime of the defendant in teaching his diabolical doctrine."

LONDON, Oct. 15 .- The Times, commenting editorially upon the conviction of Jorapidly and effectively repulsed. Already I hann Most, the Anarchist, considers that lifrede Hearsey, attended by her maids of have imprisoned many Nationalists and I the sentence is "entirely inadequate for honor and ladies-in-waiting (school childshall continue to imprison them. Within such a gross outrage on public feeling. two months the movement against me will and complains that in both Great Britain be crushed. It is costing us much money to | and the United States there is lacking a disposition to grasp the nettle firmly.

Anarchist Hangs Himself.

LONDON, Oct. 15 .- "Romas, the leader of a notorious band of anarchists, who have Venezuela is still opposed to an attack upon | destroyed various public and other build-Colombia, preferring to remain upon the de- | ings during the last few months," says a dispatch to the Daily Mail from Cracow. "was arrested in Stanislavow, Eastern Cathat would conserve the dignity and honor | licia, after a severe struggle, in which he and a gendarme were wounded and a child Direct or indirect peace proposals from was accidentally killed. Romas hanged Colembia-which Venezuela, notwithstand- himself in the guard house."

A RUSH OF PREPARATION FOR THE "BIG SHOW" TO-DAY.

Promoters Were Delayed by Weather and Had to Postpone

Official Inauguration.

THIS IS MODERN WOODMEN DAY

A ROUND OF AMUSEMENTS SCHED-ULED FOR WASHINGTON PARK.

There Will Be Log Rolling and Many Other Things to Entertain

the Spectators.

FIRST PERFORMANCE OF HALE'S FIRE CORPS THIS AFTERNOON.

braced with hawsers to prevent sliding. The | Pain's Fireworks Spectacle and Banda Rossa Will Give Opening Performances.

To-Day with the Carnival. -Modern Woodmen's State Day .-Morning-Reception of Woodmen and unt-

formed logrollers. Afternoon - Logrollers' Washington Baseball Park, open to all: 1:00-Band concert and short speeches by Logrollers John E. Wiley of Anderson, Congressman James E. Watson of Rushville, Charles A. Bookwalter, Henry

Warrum and Robert A. Brown. 00-Foresters' competitive team drills for state championship; prizes \$50 and \$25. testants to be disqualified and dismissed from competition by error; last remaining contestant to be declared state champion; gold medal prize. 1:30-Logrolling contest; winner to be

awarded gold charm. 4:45-Log-chopping contest; winner to be awarded gold pin. :00-Exhibition drill by the W. E. English Zouaves. -Up-town Attractions .-:00-"Beautiful Orient" attractions; Hale's

fire department exhibition at 3 o'clock;

band concert at 3:30; Herr Granada in his sensational tight wire walking acts at 4; free vaudeville at 5. :30-Opening concert of Sorrentino and his Banda Rossa at Tomlinson Hall. -Evening.-:00-Night spectacular, military and grotesque parade by Modern Woodmen, all Indiana lodges participating. Line of march: From Statehouse east on Wash-

ington street to Meridian, north on Meridian around the circle and east on Market to Delaware, south to Washington and west to Odd Fellows' Hall. where night social session will be held and prizes will be awarded 30-"Beautiful Orient;" Hale's fire de-

partment at 8, electrical fountain at 7:30 and II, free vaudeville and band concerts, Herr Granada at 9, vaudeville and band concerts. 15-Opening engagement of Pain's "De-

struction of Pompeii" at Newby Oval; Banda Rossa concert at Tomlinson Hall. Visitors began to enter the city in considerable numbers yesterday, despite the fact that the rains of Friday, Saturday and Sunday had made it impossible for all the number of express packages containing preliminary arrangements to be completed for the opening day, even with extra forces reached the condemned man. The flowers of workmen. The streets devoted to fesand fruits, it is learned, have been sent | tival purposes presented a chaotic appearance the greater part of the day yesterday, Other letters have come from cranks who but in the afternoon the confusion showed have written about the species of torture | signs of resolving itself into something like order. A stroll through Capitol and Senate case. It is stated, however, that it would avenues, between Washington and Ohio, be a matter of surprise if the names of and the intervening cross streets, revealed the fact that but few of the tents and The State Prison department has pursued | booths for the midway attractions were completed. A flaring sign told the gaping multitude not to fail to see "the statue awaiting death and to surround him by as | that turns to life," but the place in which perfect an isolation from the world as pos- the statue is to perform this miraculous feat was in process of construction. In front of the former surgical institute stood a diminutive wired cage containing three or four educated pigs, which, small and slavering, squealed and chewed impatiently while their exhibition house was being Venezuela), for an explanation of the in- GIVEN ONE YEAR IN PRISON FOR hastily thrown together. The two moving picture shows were apparently ready to begin to gather in the dimes as soon as the grotesque parade should break ranks at the entrance of "The Beautiful Orient" last

> feature would have to be postponed until IN FULL SWING TO-DAY. There can be little doubt that the carnival will be finished and in full swing to-day, The promoters declare that it would, no

> arrangements quite as keenly as does the

hight. From the appearance of the struc-

ountain it seemed that the opening of this

ture that was intended to be the electrical

public, but they insist they have done their level best. Those who are getting up the floral parade are enthusiastic over the prospect of displaying a richer, handsomer, more gorgeous and varied floral pageant this year than the one that was the central event of

this city's first carnival a year ago. The Travelers' Protective Association is "laying itself out" to provide one of the most attractive vehicles in Thursday's parade. At an expense of more than \$100 the members of the association have had a light brake beautifully decorated with white chrysanthemums and the wheels are hidden from view by a mass of white and purple blossoms. The monogram of the association, "T. P. A.," has been worked cut with the flowers on each wheel. In the vehicle win ride four good-looking young women. The equipage will be drawn by four blue roan cobs, each led by a negro n Turkish costume.

The pageant will form promptly at 1:30 p. m. Thursday at the intersection of Sixteenth and Meridian streets. At the head I the line will be a platoon of mounted poriding gayly decorated horses. Then will me Capt. W. E. English, grand marshal, trended by his staff of 35 officers, all mounted on decorated horses. Following the grand marshal and staff will be the Indianapolis Light Artillery with richlyornamented gun-carriage and caisson, preeded by the Artillery band in handsome eniforms. Then will come the clubs, the Commercial Club, Board of Trade and Travelers' Protective Association. Immediately after these will be the two carnival floats, one filled with high school girls and the other known as the Queen's float, bearing the Queen, Miss Edith Win-

A special feature of the floral parade will be the decorated automobiles, of which there are now twelve entered. These are promised as a surprise. There are to be at least 30 ornamented carriages in line, in addition to the power vehicles. A division will be given over to the horseback contingent, in which will be seen Dr. nd Mrs. Buchanan, Mrs. Ernest Dawson, Mrs. Campbell, Miss Neighbor, Mrs. Robinson, Frank Sherrer, Wilbur McIntosh and a number of other prominer t people. Horace Wood reported a name of new ntries for the big horse show, which is to be the central feature of Saturday, beginung at 2 in the afternoon.

The programme for to-day, given above